Subpart A—General Provisions

§ 839.101 What is the Federal Erroneous Retirement Coverage Corrections Act?

- (a) The Federal Erroneous Retirement Coverage Corrections Act (FERCCA) is Title II of Public Law 106-265, enacted September 19, 2000. The FERCCA addresses the problems created when employees are in the wrong retirement plan for an extended period.
- (b) Generally, you must be in the wrong retirement plan for at least 3 years of service after December 31, 1986, before the FERCCA applies to you. Depending on the type of error, the FERCCA provides:
- (1) A choice between retirement plans,
- (2) New rules for crediting civilian and military service that was not subject to retirement deductions,
- (3) Payment of lost earnings on employee make-up contributions to the Thrift Savings Plan, and
- (4) Payment of certain out-of-pocket expenses that are a direct result of a retirement coverage error.

§839.102 Definitions.

Agency means an executive agency as defined in section 105 of title 5, United States Code; a legislative branch agency; a judicial branch agency; and the U.S. Postal Service and Postal Rate Commission.

Agency automatic (1%) contributions means contributions made to a FERS participant's Thrift Savings Plan account by his or her employing agency under 5 U.S.C. 8432(c)(1) or (c)(3).

Agency matching contributions means contributions made to a FERS participant's Thrift Savings Plan account by his or her employing agency under 5 U.S.C. 8432(c)(2).

Annuitant means the same as Retiree. Basic Employee Death Benefit or BEDB means the FERS survivor benefit payable as a lump sum or over 36 months, described in §843.309 of this chapter.

Board means the Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board established under 5 U.S.C. 8472.

CSRS means the Civil Service Retirement System, as described in subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code.

CSRS component means the part of a FERS retirement benefit that is computed under CSRS provisions (see §846.304 of this chapter).

CSRS Offset means the Civil Service Retirement System Offset plan, which is for employees whose service is subject to CSRS deductions and Social Security taxes, as described in 5 U.S.C. 8349.

Employee means an employee or Member individual as defined in section 8331(1) and (2) or 8401(11) and (20) of title 5, United States Code. Employee includes an individual who has applied for retirement benefits, but not separated from service.

Employee retirement deductions means the amount that is deducted from basic pay under section 8334(a) of title 5, United States Code, for CSRS employees; or section 8334(k) of title 5, United States Code, for CSRS Offset employees; or the portion of the normal cost of FERS coverage that is deducted from an employee's basic pay under section 8422(a) of title 5, United States Code.

Employer means, with respect to an employee, that individual's employing agency.

Employer retirement contributions means the employer share of retirement contributions that are required payments to the Fund under sections 8334(a) and 8423(a) of title 5, United States Code.

Former spouse means a living person who was married to you for at least 9 months.

FERCCA means the Federal Erroneous Retirement Coverage Corrections Act.

FERS means the Federal Employees' Retirement System, as described in chapter 84 of title 5, United States Code.

Fund means the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund described in section 8348 of title 5, United States Code

Government contributions means agency automatic (1%) contributions and agency matching contributions.

Lost earnings means earnings that you would have received had your make-up contributions to the Thrift